Policy: It is the policy of The Arc of Monroe to ensure that people have opportunities for privacy and that business, administrative and support functions promote personal and organizational outcomes.

Additional Information: For the purposes of this policy, “psychotherapy notes” mean notes recorded (in any medium) by a mental health provider (such as a psychiatrist or social worker) that document or analyze the contents of conversation during a private or group counseling session and that are separated from the rest of the person’s medical record.

Psychotherapy notes DO NOT INCLUDE medication prescription and monitoring, counseling session start and stop times, the modalities and frequencies of treatment furnished, results of clinical tests, and any summary of the following items: diagnosis, functional status, the treatment plan, symptoms, prognosis, and progress to date.

For the purposes of this procedure, “staff” includes employees, contractors, consultants, interns, students and volunteers.

“Protected health information or PHI” is defined as information about people we support that relates to their past, present or future mental or physical health and also identifies them in some way. In addition to more obvious things such as treatment plans, service documentation, clinical assessment, etc., the following are also considered PHI:

- Initials of someone we support. If you share initials, you are sharing PHI. Reducing a name to initials does not protect it under HIPAA law.
- Pictures of someone we support. This includes any photograph that will identify the person in some way. This may be the case even if their face isn’t visible, but something distinctive about them is. It could also apply to pictures of the back of their head, side shots, other parts of their bodies that are distinctive, etc.
- Anything that describes someone in a way that makes it clear who you are talking about (such as a full physical description; or a combination of characteristics that are so unique as to effectively name the person). EXAMPLE: A short middle-aged woman with blazing red hair and right-side hemiparesis who goes to Henrietta Day Services.

This definition applies whether the information is written, spoken, signed, or in an electronic format – regardless of the language (e.g., English or any other language). You should presume that any information about people we support that you work with in your job is PHI and should be treated as such.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Responsible party:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Task:</strong></td>
<td><strong>General Guidelines</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Psychotherapy notes can be used by the person who wrote them to help treat the person.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Form version 1 1019
2. Clinicians can share their psychotherapy notes with students who are in internships with them, as means to help them develop their clinical skills.  

Staff

3. Psychotherapy notes can also be disclosed if doing so will help to keep someone safe, including both the person we support as well as others in the community.  

Staff

4. The clinician can use or disclose psychotherapy notes to defend him/her/themselves if they are sued by the person supported.  

Staff

5. Any other disclosures of psychotherapy notes requires a signed authorization specifically addressing psychotherapy notes. Authorizations for psychotherapy notes cannot be combined with authorizations for other purposes.  

Staff

6. If we receive a subpoena for psychotherapy notes, it must be accompanied by a court order as required by NYS MHL 33.31.  

Manager and Clinical Supervisor responsibilities:

1. Managers are responsible for acting as role models for other staff in regards to keeping PHI as secure as possible.  

Managers and clinical supervisors

2. Managers and clinical supervisors should have a solid understanding of what constitutes a psychotherapy note and how they can and cannot be used, including when a specific authorization is required and how to respond to a receipt of a subpoena.  

Managers

3. Managers should know where and from whom to obtain support should they have questions in enforcing this policy.  

Managers

VP for Quality and Compliance:

1. Acts as the agency’s Privacy Officer  

VP for Quality and Compliance

2. Responsible for administering the agency’s HIPAA privacy policies and procedures  

VP for Quality and Compliance

3. Acts as a resource for staff in regards to proper implementation of the HIPAA privacy rule  

VP for Quality and Compliance

4. Will assist managers in responding to a subpoena for psychotherapy notes  

VP for Quality and Compliance

Document revision record:

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<th>Release Date</th>
<th>Reason for change</th>
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<td>Reasons for change not documented</td>
<td>P Dancer</td>
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<td>1/26/21</td>
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<td>Transitioned to new procedural format and clarified some aspects</td>
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<td>1/27/22</td>
<td>2/4/22</td>
<td>Added information regarding how to respond to a subpoena</td>
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